Retrofitting the Building Stock: Challenges and Opportunities for Indoor Environmental Quality **CONFERENCE ORGANISERS** 



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**##Tight Vent** 







October 9-10 2024

Croke Park **Dublin** Ireland

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October 9-10, 2024 Dublin Ireland

# Congress Venue

**Croke Park** Jones' Road, Dublin 3, D03 E5Y8, Ireland

→ Venue website

# Registration Desk Hours

Registration Desk will be open during the following dates and times:

- Tuesday, October 8, 2024: 18:00 20:00@Croke Park Hotel
- Wednesday, October 9, 2024: 08:00 18:30
- Thursday, October 10, 2024: 08:30 18:00

Please note that onsite registration will be provided (upon availability) via the conference website

https://aivc2024conference.org/

Payment will be available only via online payment. No cash registration payment available.

# Conference App

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Search for The Event App by EventsAIR on PlayStore. When you are prompted for a code upon launching the App, insert aivc24

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# Poster display information

Posters should be set up on
 Wednesday 9 October, 2024 from 09:00

Dismantling of posters should be finished by Thursday 10 October 2024 from 16:30 till 18:00

Professional Congress Organizer and Organizers have no liability for posters left behind

## Poster dimensions

A0) size, 120CM Height x 80CM Width

# Poster presentation session

Wednesday October 9, 2024 at 18:30 - 20:30

Authors are kindly requested to be in front of their poster to be able to reply to any questions

# Long & Short Oral Presentation information

- Long Oral Presentations (indicated within the programme) are expected to last 12 minutes; another 3 minutes are foreseen for questions and answers (15 minutes in total)
- Short Oral Presentations (as noted in the program) should be limited to 5 minutes. Questions and answers will be addressed during the poster session

### Social Events

#### **Welcome Reception**

Tuesday 8 October, 2024 19:00 – 20:00

Croke Park Hotel

Poster presentations – Industry stands – Cocktail reception with snacks

Wednesday 9 October, 2024

18:30 - 20:30

Croke Park Stadium

#### **Gala Dinner**

Thursday 10 October, 2024 19:00 – 23:00

URBAN BREWING (entrance only by ticket)





# Tuesday October 8th, 2024

18: 20:	:00- :00	Registration
19:	:00	Welcome Reception

# Wednesday October 9th, 2024

08:00-09:00

Registration



### **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

09:00-10:30

#### Opening - Plenary session

Chairs; Peter Wouters (INIVE vzw, Belgium), Marie Coggins (University of Galway, Ireland)

#### Welcome on behalf of AIVC, venticool, TightVent

Arnold Janssens, INIVE vzw - AIVC Operating agent - Ghent University, Belgium Peter Wouters, AIVC Operating agent, Belgium

#### Welcome on behalf of the Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland

Ciaran Byrne, Director of National Retrofit, Ireland

The Recast Energy Performance of Buildings Directive: a green light for clean air? Ciarán Cuffe, Green Party, Ireland

What do we know about the current state of indoor air in buildings and associated human health effects?

Corinne Mandin, Institute for Radiation Protection and Nuclear Safety (IRSN), France

Risk mitigation for indoor air quality on example of construction products Ana Maria Scutaru, German Environment Agency, Germany

Guidance on damp and mould: understanding and addressing the health risks in the home Sani Dimitroulopoulou, UK Health Security Agency, United Kingdom

10:30-11:00

Coffee Break



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# Wednesday October 9th, 2024

# **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

11:00-12:30 Session 1A - Topical Session: Exploring Challenges and Opportunities in Decarbonizing Buildings through Building Ventilation (Workshop)

Chairs: Nuria Casquero-Modrego (LBNL, United States of America)
lain Walker, LBNL (United States of America)

As the urgency to address climate change intensifies, the decarbonization of buildings emerges crucial for substantial CO<sub>2</sub> reduction. This imperative task, particularly relevant for the ventilation sector and needs a holistic approach. This workshop will delve into the challenges and opportunities of implementing effective building ventilation for building decarbonization with a focus on existing buildings. Participants will explore current hurdles and potential breakthroughs, fostering dynamic discussions. The workshop evaluates the important role of regulations and policies in promoting decarbonization efforts within building ventilation. Emerging technologies will spotlight their potential to enhance ventilation for decarbonization purposes through cutting-edge solutions. The discourse widens to encompass social and behavioral aspects, recognizing the need for holistic approaches to promote sustainable ventilation practices. This collaborative workshop serves as a platform for dynamic discussions on cutting-edge innovations, regulatory frameworks, and global best practices. Through active promotion of collaboration among experts, the session aims to bridge understanding gaps, and foster a comprehensive exchange of ideas. Ultimately, the event a global scale.

This will be an interdisciplinary, facilitated workshop with break-out groups and discussion, where participants will consider questions to understand how building ventilation is currently impacting in this energy transition, and how we should address our work and future research.

The objectives of the session include:

- Identifying the potential approaches, we can use to reduce  ${\rm CO_2}$  emissions related to building ventilation.
- Outlining current gaps and/or barriers for building ventilation strategies to meet climate goals and develop suggestions on how to address those gaps and/or barriers.
- Understanding why these strategies are necessary for meeting the climate goals and how we can improve them and integrate them into our projects.

#### Introduction

lain Walker & Nuria Casquero-Modrego, LBNL, United States of America

Retrofitting and Ventilation: Challenges, Benefits and Lessons Learnt James McGrath, Maynooth University, Ireland

Decarbonization Within the Path of Sustainable Development Goals Constanza Molina, PUC, Chile

Group discussion

Summary and conclusions



Wednesday October 9th, 2024

## **NALLY SUITE**

11:00-12:30

Session 1B - Long Oral Presentation Session: Building airtightness

Chairs: Pilar Linares-Alemparte (IETcc-CSIC, Spain) Manfred Plagmann (Branz, New Zealand)

Evaluating the airtightness of the existing GB housing stock

Ben Roberts, Loughborough University, United Kingdom

Building airtightness for renovations Leaflets (Germany)

Stefanie Rolfsmeier, Blowerdoor Gmbh, Germany

Proposal for improving the linear regression method and uncertainty calculation in building airtightness tests

Valérie Leprince, Cerema, France

Test facility for building envelope leakage type analysis and improvement of acoustic and thermographic airtightness measurement methods

Markus Diel, Deutsches Zentrum Für Luft- Und Raumfahrt, Germany

Air Pressure Differences over the Building Envelope: Case Studies

Kevin Verniers, Agoria/Renson, Belgium

Examining the Impact of Improving the Airtightness of the Building Envelopes on Differential Pressures and Contaminant Dispersion in Temporary Negative Pressure **Isolation Rooms** 

Jooyeon Roh, Seoul National University, Republic of Korea

# **DAVIN SUITE**

11:00-12:30

Session 1C - Topical Session: Ventilative Cooling - latest and greatest. Importance of early design in the world of overheating mitigation using ventilative cooling

Chairs: Christoffer Plesner (VELUX A/S, Denmark) Jannick Roth (WindowMaster International A/S, Denmark)

This dynamic session will delve into the latest breakthroughs for overheating mitigation using ventilative cooling and cutting-edge findings from new projects. Experts from various disciplines will converge to explore the impact, applications, and advancements on how to design ventilative cooling systems in upcoming standards, while also leaving good time for discussions in the latter part of the session.

The purpose of this session is to:

- 1. Give an overview of how ventilative cooling fits in the standardisation world. What are the gaps and how can it fit in future European standards.
- 2. Give examples on how to apply the design route in the upcoming ventilative cooling standard for your next project. We will go through the various design steps in the standard and explain the rationale behind these. These should secure a robust and resilient VC design.
- 3. Highlight the differences between the theoretical predictions using the VC potential method/tool versus data from a case study. This will enlighten the participants and make them aware of the potential of the method, and more importantly, become aware of its limitations.
- 4. Have an interactive discussion on the design paths to secure an optimal VC design and receive input from the audience on subjects to be included in these design paths.

The objective of this session is to provide participants with a comprehensive understanding of the latest developments in ventilative cooling evolutions, while also having time to contemplate on relevant questions.

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# Wednesday October 9th, 2024

11:00- Introduction

12:30 Christoffer Plesner, VELUX A/S, Denmark

Jannick Roth, WindowMaster International A/S, Denmark

A comprehensive overview of ventilative cooling and its role in the standardisation

Christoffer Plesner, VELUX A/S, Denmark

Jannick Roth, WindowMaster International A/S, Denmark

Early Stage Design of VC: A standardised approach to improve robustness and avoid vulnerability lock-in at the later design stages

Paul D. O'Sullivan, Munster Technological University, Ireland

Design of ventilative cooling systems using Ventilative cooling standards; design steps within the flow diagram

Beat Frei, FREI WÜEST EXPERT INGENIEURBÜRO, Switzerland

Discussions on relevant auestions and workshop mode

Christoffer Plesner, VELUX A/S, Denmark

Jannick Roth, WindowMaster International A/S, Denmark

12:30-13:30

Lunch Break

# **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

13:30-14:45 Session 2A - Long Oral Presentation Session: Smart ventilation strategies

Chairs: Willem de Gids (ventGuide, The Netherlands)
Gaëlle Guyot (Cerema, France)

Health-Equivalent Energy Efficiency Factor, Combined Metric of Harm and Energy Use Klaas De Jonge, Ghent University, Belgium

The protection from harm to populations of people provided by Exposure Limit Values Benjamin Jones, University of Nottingham, United Kingdom

IEQ and energy performance of residential smart ventilation strategies in France Raissa Andrade, Cerema, France

Optimization of airflow rate in a displacement-ventilated room to minimize particle inhalation risk and control energy consumption

Makoto Tsubokura, Kobe University, Japan

Adaptive comfort technology for temperature control in balanced ventilation systems Bart Cremers, Zehnder Group, The Netherlands







# Wednesday October 9th, 2024

### **NALLY SUITE**

13:30-14:45 Session 2B - Topical Session: Durability of the building airtightness

Chairs: Bozena Dorota Hrynyszyn (NTNU, Norway)
Valérie Leprince (Cerema, France)

Air leakages have an increasing impact on the overall energy performance of new buildings. Therefore, since the early 2000's, regulations in many countries explicitly account for airtightness, sometimes with mandatory requirements, as a consequence of Europe's ambition to generalize nearly zero energy buildings by 2030. However, having a requirement on building airtightness is relevant only if the airtightness level is durable. Nevertheless, studies have shown that a mandatory level of airtightness leads to last-minute taping and mastic setting that is most probably not durable. The durability of airtightness products and assemblies at mid- and long-term scales is, therefore, a pending question. Indeed, this subject remains very complex, since it covers in the meantime:

- the modelling of the mechanisms of buildings' and products' loads and deformations,
- the accelerated ageing in laboratory-controlled conditions and,
- the performance characterization from field measurements results.

In the past years, several studies have focused on this issue using two different approaches. Some studies seek to characterize the evolution over time of the airtightness by field measurements in real buildings. The other studies are based on laboratory measurements in order to test the accelerated ageing of airtightness products.

Two topical sessions have already been organised on this subject in 2017 and 2022, the objective of this one is to give an update of recent works performed on this subject, more precisely on what happen the first year of life of the building and on the impact of implementation conditions.

Introduction: presentation of the session

Valérie Leprince, Cerema, France

Impact of dust build-up on building airtightness durability - preliminary results of the Durabilitair 2 project (2021-2025)

Andrés Litvak, Cerema, France

On the potential of HAMSTER's bi-climatic chamber for testing building component airtightness durability

Martin Prignon, Buildwise, Belgium

Research on airtightness durability in Norway

Bozena Dorota Hrynyszyn, NTNU, Norway & Tore Kolstad Linløkken, NTNU, Norway

Evaluating the long-term performance of air barrier systems in modern buildings (Short Oral Presentation)

Sean O'Brien, Simpson Gumpertz & Heger, Inc., United States of America

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# Wednesday October 9th, 2024

# **P** DAVIN SUITE

13:30-14:45 Session 2C - Long Oral Presentation Session: Climate change resilience

Chairs: Hilde Breesch (KU Leuven, Belgium)

**Yun Gyu Lee** (Korea Institute of Construction Technology, Republic of Korea)

Intervention study of climate correlation model predictions for occupant control of indoor environment

Maria Kolokotroni, Brunel University London, United Kingdom

Assessing the level of adaptation to heat waves in Parisian housing Letizia Roccamena, CSTB, France

Are Irish Low Energy School Designs Resilient Against Overheating? Elahe Tavakoli, MTU, Ireland

Summertime Resilience in an L-Shaped Long-Term Care Facility with Mixed Natural Ventilation and Pressurized Corridors

Chang Shu, National Research Council Canada, Canada

Optimizing design of retirement homes concerning the indoor environment, energy efficiency, and climate change resiliency

Jakub Kolarik, Technical University of Denmark, Denmark

14:45-15:00

**Room Change** 

# **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

15:00-16:30 Session 3A - Topical Session: Performance-based IAQ regulations in dwellings: present and future

Chairs: Sonia García-Ortega (IETcc-CSIC, Spain)
Pilar Linares-Alemparte (IETcc-CSIC, Spain)

The main objective of the topical session is to highlight the importance of performance-based regulations to achieve adequate IAQ in line with advanced energy efficiency requirements. Performance-based regulations enable high quality standards by characterising and quantifying the required performance of buildings. These performances can be met in a flexible way with different solutions, thus allowing for innovation. In contrast, prescriptive regulations impose fixed solutions in order to comply with the necessary requirements, which can be a barrier to innovation. Furthermore, performance-based regulations allow requirements to be met in a more optimised and tailored way adapted to the particular conditions of each case.

Regarding IAQ requirements, performance-based regulations promote the use of smart ventilation systems, which facilitates the desired balance between IAQ and energy efficiency.

The topical session will provide an update on the state of the art of IAQ regulations in dwellings. It will review the most advanced performance-based regulations in Spain and France, and highlight obstacles and difficulties in their implementation, such as their use in naturally ventilated dwellings. Additionally, an IAQ estimation model for naturally ventilated dwellings will be presented to help overcome this issue. Finally, potential future changes to the performance-based IAQ regulations will be discussed, including new challenges such as the consideration of harm to people.



# Wednesday October 9th, 2024

15:00-The importance of performance-based regulations for residential ventilation. 16:30 State of the art

Gaëlle Guvot, Cerema, France

The IAQ performance-based regulation in Spain; description, identified problems for its application, and foreseen changes

Pilar Linares-Alemparte, IETcc-CSIC, Spain

Assessing IAQ in existing residential buildings within a performance-based regulatory framework through a predictive model

Sonia García-Ortega, IETcc-CSIC, Spain

Methodology to define new performance indicator for ventilation regulation in France Valérie Leprince, Cerema, France

How a harm budget can be used to regulate Indoor Air Quality in Dwellings Benjamin Jones, University of Nottingham, United Kingdom

Uncertainty of IAQ and energy performance schemes for residential smart ventilation Baptiste Poirier, Cerema, France

# **Q** NALLY SHITE

15:00-16:45

Session 3B - Long Oral Presentation Session: IAQ in schools

Chairs: Marie Coggins (University of Galway, Ireland) **Simon Jones** (Air Quality Matters, Ireland)

The Influence of Outdoor Conditions on Indoor Air Quality: Case Study of Norwegian Schools

**Azimil Gani Alam,** Norwegian University of Science & Technology, Norway

Particulate matter in UK school classrooms - building an evidence base for improving classroom air auality

Alice Handy, Imperial College London, United Kingdom

Impact of filtration class and airflow control on the indoor airborne particle in a nursery school

Mirela Robitu, Cetiat, France

Application strategies and effectiveness of CO2 signal lights for improving indoor air quality in classrooms

Simon Beck, University of Innsbruck, Austria

Achieving suitable airflow rate in New Zealand classrooms: a CFD approach to inform on potential retrofitting solutions

Mikael Boulic, Massey University, New Zealand

Cognitive well-being in classrooms: A holistic investigation into Indoor Environmental Quality in New Zealand elementary schools

Mikael Boulic, Massey University, New Zealand

Thermal comfort of adolescent children in classrooms: Some reflections on the state-of-the-art

Asit Kumar Mishra, University College Cork, Ireland

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# Wednesday October 9th, 2024

# **P** DAVIN SUITE

15:00-16:30 Session 3C - Topical Session: Resilient Indoor Thermal Environments: Findings & Future Policy from an Irish National Study on Non-Residential Buildings

Chairs: Adam O'Donovan (Munster Technological University, Ireland)
Paul D. O'Sullivan (Munster Technological University, Ireland)

The following session will discuss the outcomes of a 3 year national study on indoor thermal resilience and overheating risk in low energy non-residential buildings. The study, entitled project RESILIENCE, is near completion and this topical session will form the basis to discuss the policy implications around overheating and thermal resilience in non-residential buildings in Ireland and for temperate climates more generally. The project monitored overheating risk in 33 high performance non-residential buildings and evaluated factors of influence in building designs that were thought to have a high leverage effect on overheating. The aim is to foster an opportunity for international experts to debate the appropriate direction of regulations and policy to reduce vulnerability lockin in building designs, using Project RESILIENCE as a framework for the discussion. There will be two collaborative engagement parts to the session; a workshop and an open discussion aided with interactive tools to collect opinions, ideas, recommendations from participants. The outcome will be a position on how research can better support policy initiatives that are needed to address thermal vulnerability in the built environment.

The session will have four key objectives including:

- To explore how designers can achieve indoor thermal resilience in the context of non-residential buildings and national regulations.
- To critically evaluate existing vulnerabilities in a sample of high performance low energy Irish buildings and assess the presence of any recurring trends.
- To develop a position on the future direction of regulatory policy designed to mitigate overheating in temperate climates and also assess adaptation measures.

#### INTRODUCTION:

**Project RESILIENCE: Overview & Workshop Planning** 

Adam O'Donovan, Munster Technological University, Ireland

Overheating Mitigation Policy: Current Trends and Future Outlook

Paul D. O'Sullivan, Munster Technological University, Ireland

#### **WORKSHOP:**

Assessing the Vulnerability of Existing Building Design related to Regulations: Ireland as a case study

Paul D. O'Sullivan, Munster Technological University, Ireland

- Describe the planned activity
- Break into groups
- Complete activity
- Findings from workshop

#### STUDY RESULTS:

Indoor Thermal Resilience in Irish Schools, Office and Healthcare Buildings

Adam O'Donovan, Munster Technological University, Ireland

Overall outcomes from the project and next steps

Adam O'Donovan, Munster Technological University, Ireland

#### DISCUSSION:

Connecting Resilient Overheating Mitigation Policy to Research

**CLOSE: Closing Summary** 



Wednesday October 9th, 2024

16:30-17:00

Coffee Break



#### **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

17:00-17:50

Session 4A - Short Oral Presentation Session: IAQ and ventilation

Chairs: Wouter Borsboom (TNO, The Netherlands) Pilar Linares-Alemparte (IETcc-CSIC, Spain)

Filling the Indoor Air Quality Data Gap: Research challenges and opportunities Grainne Mcgill, University Of Strathclyde, United Kingdom

Trends in Indoor Environmental Quality in Non-Domestic Energy-Efficient Buildings in Ireland: the BENEFIT Project

**Jorge Fernandes,** University Of Galway, Ireland

Performance of smart ventilation in residential buildings: A literature review Daniela Mortari, Cerema, France

Utilization of ventilation systems to maintain selected environmental comfort parameters at the required level

Joanna Kubiak, Poznan University Of Technology, Poland

Assessment of PM2.5 particulate matter exposure under different ventilation and air filtration strategies in a kindergarten

Manuel Ruiz de Adana, Universidad de Córdoba, Spain

Log-normal distribution for radon measurements in one room

Joanna Kubiak, Poznan University Of Technology, Poland

Sensor based: ventilation performance in cultural centres in Flanders

Niels De Kempeneer, Flemish Planning Bureau for the Environment and Spatial Development, Belgium

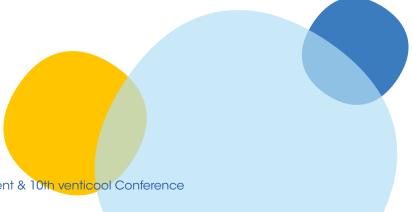
Estimation of Airborne Particle Removal Efficiency in Personal Isolation Room based on Full-scale Experiment

Shinhye Lee, Seoul National University, Republic of Korea

Numerical simulation guided design of novel experimental chamber used to assess the effectiveness of ventilation strategies with hygro-regulated air terminals Jean-Paul Harouz, Cerema, France

Assessment of in-situ aging and maintenance impact on Relative Humidity-Controlled Mechanical Extract Ventilation (RH-MEV) Systems: A Case study in multi-family social housing buildings

Juan Rios, AERECO, France



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# Wednesday October 9th, 2024

# **P** NALLY SUITE

17:00-17:45 Session 4B - Short Oral Presentation Session: IEQ, HVAC and airtightness

Chairs: Willem de Gids (ventGuide, The Netherlands)
Iain Walker (LBNL, United States of America)

Experimental evaluation of the bidirectional filtration efficiency of respirators and face masks against airborne particles during cyclic breathing

Dennis Derwein, RWTH Aachen University, Germany

Assessment of the indoor/outdoor dynamic of some air pollutants in three buildings located in the valley city of Chambéry, France (Student Competition)

Diana Decilap, Cerema, France

Temperature, Relative Humidity and Indoor Air Quality in Office Buildings and its Subjective Evaluation

**Yoshinori Honma,** National Institute of Public Health, Japan

Using Indoor Carbon Capture System in Hotels and Schools to support onsite decarbonization (Student Competition)

Sunny Lam, Carbon Capture Solutions, Hong Kong

Semantics-based expert system for fault detection in air handling units Sebastian Blechmann, RWTH Aachen University, Germany

Review and analysis of existing diagnostic methods for characterizing air transfers in existing homes

Bassam Moujalled, Cerema, France

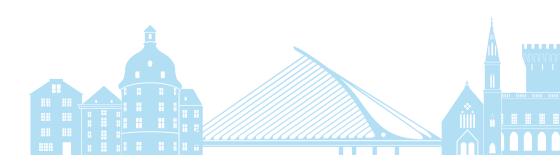
A novel method for the characterization of infiltration airflow using infrared thermography

Diego Tamayo-Alonso, Valladolid University, Spain

On the estimate and reduction of the zero-flow pressure estimation uncertainty in fan pressurization measurement

Martin Prignon, Buildwise, Belgium

Assessment of thermal environment and thermal comfort in air traffic control towers Bassam Moujalled, Cerema, France





# Wednesday October 9th, 2024

### **P** DAVIN SHITE

17:00-17:45

Session 4C - Short Oral Presentation Session: Natural ventilation and cooling

Chairs: Sonia García-Ortega (IETcc-CSIC, Spain)

**Bjarne Wilkens Olesen** (Technical University of Denmark, Denmark)

Design and performance verification methods for naturally ventilated buildings from the experience of ABC 21 EU Project

**Izabella Milto,** Polytechnic University of Milan, Italy

A Longitudinal Study to Assess Indoor Environmental Quality in Naturally **Ventilated Dwellings** 

Ibrahim Alhindawi, University of Galway, Ireland

Particle concentration and indoor air auglity in naturally ventilated patient rooms-A field study in a hospital building in Bucharest, Romania

Mohamed Elsayed, Tampere University, Finland

Experimental assessment of a resilient air-cooling system under extreme heat events in southern European climate conditions (Student Competition)

María Jesús Romero-Lara, University of Cordoba, Spain

Direct adiabatic cooling systems - Resilience to climate change for industrial building applications in a Mediterranean climate

Antoine Breteau, University of La Rochelle, France

Proposal of a design method for Radiant Ceiling Cooling System using CFD analysis (Student Competition)

Rio Matsumoto, The University of Kitakyushu, Japan

Incomplete resistance; ventilation, mould growth and built in furniture in a 1930's Dublin clinker concrete apartment building.

Gearoid Carvill, TUD, Ireland

Exploring the use of TABS and Peak-Shift Control in Office Buildings (Student Competition) **Honoka Kyozuka,** The University of Kitakyushu, Japan

Room integrity tests and registration of the actual situation regarding the fire protection and holding times in fire compartments in Greece

Theodoros Sotirios Tountas, FUV. Greece

# **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

17:45-18:30

**Industry Presentations** 

Chairs: Valérie Leprince (Cerema, France) lain Walker (LBNL, United States of America)

Industy Presentations: Acin Instrumenten, Aranet, BCCA, BlowerDoor, Build Test Solutions Ltd, DooApp, Lindab, Mez-Technik, Renson, Retrotec, WindowMaster

18:30-20:30

Poster presentations - Industry stands - Cocktail reception with snacks

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# Thursday October 10th, 2024

## **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

09:00-10:30 Session 5A - Long Oral Presentation Session: IAQ assessment

Chairs: Marie Coggins (University of Galway, Ireland)
Susan Vickers (Cluid Housing, Ireland)

Assessing the Prediction of Human CO2 Emissions for IAQ Applications

Oluwatobi Oke, NIST, United States of America

Quantifying ventilation rates in heterogeneous rooms based on point measurement(s) of carbon dioxide

**Joshua Finneran**, Loughborough University, United Kingdom

Airborne transmission in a meeting room with mixing and displacement ventilation Risto Kosonen, Aalto University, Finland

Control of airborne particle concentrations in a meeting room with stand-alone air cleaners: influence of type, air flow rate, flow pattern and position in the room Alain Ginestet. Cetiat. France

Assessment of Airborne Cross-infection Risk Across Various Body Orientations in Indoor Airflow Environments

Hee Won Shin, University of Seoul, Republic of Korea

### **NALLY SUITE**

09:00-10:30 Session 5B - Topical Session: Ventilation regulations in various countries

Chairs: Simon Jones (Air Quality Matters, Ireland)
Valérie Leprince (Cerema, France)

The current trend in most European countries regarding building ventilation is to follow the "build tight, ventilate right" strategy. New energy efficient buildings are indeed getting more and more airtight to avoid energy losses through uncontrolled air leakages. Therefore, mechanical ventilation systems are installed to ensure a good indoor air quality (IAQ) with controlled ventilated air flowrates. In 2008 a series of VIP (from VIP 17 to VIP 27) were published by the AIVC, detailing the "Trends in the building ventilation market and drivers for changes" for 10 countries. Regulations have however evolved a lot in most countries since then. Two new series of VIPs is being published to get an update on the current regulations in European countries one series regarding building and ductwork airtightness and another series regarding ventilation regulation.

They include information regarding national trends in:

- · IAQ requirement and market (including requirements for residential and non-residential buildinas)
- · Energy requirements and market
- Inspection of ventilation systems
- Innovative systems and market

And it provides an example of mandatory flowrate of typical buildings.

The objective of this session is to present three of the published (or under revision) AIVC VIPs on ventilation regulations, giving a view of the current situation in different countries.



# Thursday October 10th, 2024

10:30

09:00- Introduction: Presentation of the new VIP series: objective and lay-out Valérie Leprince, Cerema, France

> Trends in building ventilation requirements and inspection in Spain Pilar Linares-Alemparte, IETcc-CSIC, Spain

Trends in building ventilation requirements and inspection in Ireland Simon Jones, Air Quality Matters, Ireland

Building ventilation requirements and inspection in Belgium **Arnold Janssens.** Ghent University. Belaium

Trends in building ventilation requirements and inspection in France Gaëlle Guyot, Cerema, France

Discussion

Ventilation guidelines for Flemish childcare and psychological care centres Maarten De Strycker, BCCA, Belaium

# **P** DAVIN SUITE

09:00-10:30

Session 5C - Topical Session: ReCOver++: Improving resilience of buildings to overheating

Chairs: Hilde Breesch (KU Leuven, Belgium)

One of the effects of climate change is that heatwaves are getting longer more frequent. This increases the risk of human thermal stress in indoor environments where people spend most of their times. This is even more prominent in well-insulated and air-tight buildings in the EU that are more vulnerable to overheating. Moreover, heatwaves are often accompanied by other unexpected extreme events or "shocks" such as power outages, which can render some buildings unhabitable during shock events and long after these shocks are over. Thus, it is critical to design future-proof buildings and systems that can withstand such shocks and reduce their detrimental impact on human wellbeing in a building. This performance characteristic of a building is known as resilience to overheating.

Currently, in practice, resilience is not included as a building design parameter. There is also no framework in current building standards to consider these shocks. A reliable indicator to assess the resilience of buildings is missing. Moreover, knowledge is lacking to design buildings and size systems (e.g., ventilation, cooling, solar shading, smart building control) to guarantee their resilience to overheating.

The aim of the ReCOver++ project is to improve the resilience of residential and non-residential buildings to overheating by making resilience a more actionable concept for architects, engineering companies and manufacturers. ReCOver++ defines a new holistic resilience indicator integrating the building and systems' most influential parameters to classify their resilience on a point-scale system. Moreover, ReCOver++ demonstrates resilient strategies of building and HVAC system design and product innovations.

The objectives of this session are to:

- Present the novel resilience indicator to classify buildings and their systems.
- Discuss the use in practice of resilience to design buildings and systems

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# Thursday October 10th, 2024

09:00- ReCOver++ project: wrap up

10:30 Hilde Breesch, KU Leuven, Belgium

A novel indicator to assess thermal resilience of buildings to overheating

Hilde Breesch, KU Leuven, Belgium

How to design a resilient building? Lessons learnt from an architectural view Joost Declercq, Archipelago, Belgium

Exploring the effect of different measures on thermal resilience: implications for design of HVAC systems and energy use

Debora Resta, Arcadis, Belgium

Impact of solar shading & ventilative cooling control strategies on the resilience of residential buildings to overheating

Ivan Pollet, Agoria/Renson, Belgium

Discussion

10:30-11:00

Coffee Break

### **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

11:00- Session 6A - Topical Session: The Challenges of Radon and Energy Retrofitting: Unravelling Complexities and Interaction within the Built Environment

Chairs: Janet Gaskin (National Research Council Canada, Canada)
James McGrath (Maynooth University, Ireland)

This workshop will explore the intricate relationship between radon and the built environment, in the context of ventilation and indoor environmental quality. Radon, a naturally occurring radioactive gas, is a leading cause for concern as it accumulates within indoor environments. However, unlike other indoor air pollutants, the infiltration of radon cannot be assumed to be a constant flow rate, but instead, it is a dynamic process which depends on various factors, including the depressurisation rates within buildings. This is especially crucial in the context of energy retrofits, where ventilation and retrofit strategies have the potential to further increase the radon flux into buildings. In this session, presentations will delve into the complexities and interactions that the indoor built environment plays in altering the radon concentrations within residential buildings. Speakers will present recent research findings, cliscuss the implications different ventilation strategies can have, and discuss challenges and opportunities associated with the context of energy retrofit.

The session will start with a presentation that explores the predictive capability of radon infiltration within residential buildings by analysing existing radon datasets. An understanding of the radon flux will be presented by exploring the underlying physical mechanisms. The second presentation will follow by presenting a research study that investigated how different ventilation approaches and building structures impact the depressurisation rates within buildings and the consequence for the radon flux. These findings will be supported by a separate study that conducted field measurements in Canada that examined radon measurements under varying building characteristics, including ventilation strategies. While the first three presentations highlight the challenges and risks associated with radon. By contrast, the fourth presentation will be complemented by recent research published by the Irish EPA that examined the effectiveness of radon remediation measures. These findings will be vital in discussing their implications for various mitigation measures and offer opportunities to meet the challenge of radon during energy retrofit.

Following the presentations, speakers will form a panel including an industry representative (Simon Jones, Industrial Advisor to the AIVC) and a representative from SEAI (Brain McIntyre, previously coordinated the national energy retrofit pilot programme) that will address the audience's questions to stimulate an interactive discussion. Each speaker will contribute to how their unique insights can manage the challenges of radon during energy retrofits. The panel comprises academic and policy members, so attendees will gain insights from multiple perspectives. The session will be designed to stimulate discussion and raise awareness, providing an interactive platform for insights from the audience. Attendees and speakers will contribute to discussing how these practices can be incorporated into retrofit strategies.



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Moreover, the session will contrast Canada and Ireland, offering unique insights into how different countries, climatic conditions, and national policies influence radon. Special attention will be given to understanding the retrofit context, aiming to identify risks and the best appropriate to develop a risk matrix that can be implemented into practice. Ultimately, the session will highlight how radon considerations should be integrated into retrofit measures rather than only considering it post-retrofit. These insights could lead to cost-effective measures, utilising policy incentives to protect and seize opportunities during energy retrofits. Attendees will emerge with valuable insights into the dynamic interplay of radon, construction, and ventilation systems, fostering a deeper understanding of the challenges and opportunities in mitigating radon-associated risks. The objectives of the session are to:

- Explore the dynamic processes of radon infiltration, recognising the complexities and interactions the indoor built environment has in altering radon concentrations.
- Analyse the implications of different ventilation strategies, national policies, and their relevance in the energy retrofit context.
- Assess the implications of these findings for various mitigation measures and explore opportunities to integrate radon considerations into retrofit strategies.
- Quantify the potential cost-effective measures and policy incentives for mitigating radon risks during energy retrofits.
- Review a list of crucial issues from various stakeholders and compile data to develop a radon risk
- Compile and formulate the ideas for the discussion to write a position paper.

#### 11:00-Introduction and Overview

12:30 James McGrath, Maynooth University, Ireland

#### Quantify factors influencing radon flux in dwellings

Mohsen Pourkiaei, Maynooth University, Ireland

Challenges and opportunities arising from different ventilation approaches: Controlled experiments conducted at the Canadian Centre for Housing Technology

Liang Grace Zhou, National Research Council, Canada

Field study measurements evaluating radon concentrations under different ventilation scenarios

Janet Gaskin, National Research Council Canada, Canada

Passive sumps as a method of reducing radon levels in Irish dwellings

James McGrath, Maynooth University, Ireland



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# **P**NALLY SUITE

11:00- Session 6B - L

12:30

Session 6B - Long Oral Presentation Session: Performance evaluation of ventilation systems

Chairs: Arnold Janssens (Ghent University, Belgium)
Laure Mouradian (CETIAT, France)

Numerical performance evaluation of ventilation systems for energy-efficient retrofitting of existing houses in France

Daniela Mortari, Cerema, France

Evaluating the IAQ and energy performance of two types of ventilation systems in multifamily buildings

**Zohreh Kiani,** La Rochelle University, France

Performance 2 project - Analysis of the interactions between the Humidity-based DCV systems and IAQ in homes 15 years after their construction

Juan Rios, AERECO, France

Performance evaluation of humidity-based decentralized ventilation systems in social housing in Chile

Gilles Flamant, Ghent University, Belgium

Balanced ventilation - energy efficient and healthy

Wouter Borsboom, TNO, The Netherlands

Breathing Better: Evaluating the Impact of Personalized Ventilation in Daycare Baby Beds Hailin Zheng, Eindhoven University of Technology, The Netherlands

# **P** DAVIN SUITE

11:00- Session 6C - Topical Session: State of the art of PECS 12:30 (Personal Environmental Control Systems)

Chairs: Bjarne Wilkens Olesen (Technical University of Denmark, Denmark)
Rajan Rawal (CEPT Research and Development Foundation, India)

Personal Environmental Control System (PECS) has the capabilities of providing thermal, air quality, luminous, and acoustic comfort along with controlling the localized environment in occupant's immediate surroundings. This session is based on the works of IEA-EBC Annex 87, Energy and Indoor Environmental Quality Performance of Personalized Environmental Control Systems and will emphasis on a large literature review. The 90-minute session will after a short introduction to the annex have four presentations from four subtasks of five subtasks of Annex 87. For each of the subtasks an extensive literature review has been performed and the results will be presented in this session. After each presentation there will be time for questions and at the end time for an overall discussion of the work of Annex 87.

The primary objective of the session on Personal Environmental Control Systems (PECS) is to elevate the technical dialogue on the work carried out by IEA-EBC Annex 87 in the domain of PECS. The objective of this session is to present state of the art regarding PECS.





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**Introduction to IEA-EBC Annex 87** 

Biarne Wilkens Olesen, Technical University of Denmark, Denmark

Effect of Personalized Environmental Control Systems on Occupants' Health, Comfort and Productivity

Bjarne Wilkens Olesen, Technical University of Denmark, Denmark

Personalized environmental control systems (PECS): Overview of applications, technology classification and KPIs

Kai Rewitz, RWTH Aachen University, Germany

Personalized environmental control systems (PECS): Overview of evaluation methods Kai Rewitz, RWTH Aachen University, Germany

Policy Strategies and Market Perspective of Personalized Environmental Control Systems Rajan Rawal, CEPT Research and Development Foundation, India

12:30-13:30

Lunch Break

## **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

13:30-Session 7A - Long & Short Oral Presentation Session: IAQ in retrofit buildings

14:30

Chairs: Gaëlle Guyot (CEREMA, France) **Laure Mouradian** (CETIAT, France)

Indoor air quality post deep energy retrofit in social homes in Ireland (HAVEN) Marie Coggins, University Of Galway, Ireland

Data Analysis of Indoor Air Quality and Thermal Comfort in Dwellings in Santiago, Chile Constanza Molina, PUC, Chile

RENOVAIR: Study of the evolution of airtightness, ventilation, comfort and indoor air quality in 7 energy renovation operations of social housing in France Andrés Litvak, Cerema, France

Perceptions of thermal comfort following deep energy retrofit in social homes in Ireland (HAVEN) (Short Oral Presentation)

Victoria Hogan, University Of Galway, Ireland

Investigating the Impacts of New Energy Renovation Strategies on Indoor Environmental **Quality (Short Oral Presentation)** 

**Buddila Wijevesekera**, University of Galway, Ireland

A Pre-Post Retrofit Evaluation on Indoor Air Quality and Comfort in Classrooms and Offices: Pre-Retrofit Findings (Student Competition)

Adam Killian Collison, University of Galway, Ireland

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# **P**NALLY SUITE

13:30-14:30 Session 7B - Long Oral Presentation Session (Ductwork & windows airtightness)

Chairs: Manfred Plagmann (Branz, New Zealand), Iain Walker (LBNL, United States of America)

Leakage in Large-Building Duct Systems: Modelling the Savings for Various Applications Mark Modera, UC Davis, United States of America

Proposal of a more reliable model and procedures for estimating operational leakage in air systems

Federico Pedranzini, Politecnico Di Milano, Italy

Literature Review on Windows Airtightness Performances: Insights and Gaps Martin Prignon, Buildwise, Belgium

Measurements in Greece of installed windows and comparison between the given air permeability classification and the classification applied to the building envelope Theodoros Sotirios Tountas, FUV. Greece

# **Q** DAVIN SUITE

13:30-14:30 Session 7C - Long Oral Presentation Session: IAQ monitoring

Chairs: James McGrath (Maynooth University, Ireland), Simon Jones (Air Quality Matters, Ireland)

Estimating the health impact of exposure to indoor PM2.5 concentrations in Irish deep energy retrofitted residential dwellings - ARDEN

Hala Hassan, University of Galway, Ireland

Assessment of SARS-CoV-2 and other IAQ parameters in 11 Belgian elderly care homes Sarah Paralovo, VITO, Belgium

IAQ-label for Belgian public spaces: monitoring in 11 public spaces

Klaas De Jonae, Ghent University, Belaium

14:30-14:45

**Room Change** 

# **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

14:45-16:15 Session 8A - Topical Session: What is new in the EPBD recast 2024 with respect to indoor environmental quality and ventilation?

Chairs: Jaap Hogeling (EPB Center, The Netherlands), Peter Wouters (INIVE vzw., Belaium)

There are within the European Union multiple requirements for the building sector with respect to energy use and CO2 impact. A major legislative piece for buildings is the Energy Performance of Buildings Directive (EPBD), of which the first version was approved in 2002. Since then, there have been several revisions. All member states must transpose this directive into national legislation, which means that in practice there might be major differences in national legislation between the member states (calculation methods, requirements, compliance, ...). On April 24, a revised version of the EPBD has been approved. This revised version was published on May 8,2024. In comparison with the 2018 edition, there are substantial changes. Among others, indoor environmental quality as well as the inspection of large HVAC installations receives increased attention.

This session aims to provide an in-depth view of the changes in the EPBD with relevance for the themes of this conference.

What does it mean in terms of indoor environmental quality? What role for inspection and what type of requirements? Also, the relevant CEN standards under development will be presented. Also, there will be an exchange of views regarding potential future AIVC actions with respect to this EPBD recast.





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14:45-Introduction to EPBD revision

16:15 **Jaap Hogeling, EPB Center, The Netherlands** 

Related CEN-standards on IEQ

Biarne Wilkens Olesen, Technical University of Denmark, Denmark

Related CEN-standards on inspection

Valérie Leprince, Cerema, France

Experiences with existing inspection schemes - Belgium

Maarten De Strycker, BCCA, Belgium

The new Dutch approach for quality management

Wouter Borsboom, TNO, Netherlands

Discussion

# **NALLY SUITE**

14:45-Session 8B - Long Oral Presentation Session: IEQ-Analysis and assessment methods

16:15

Chairs: Andrew Persily (NIST, United States of America) **Susan Vickers** (Cluid Housing, Ireland)

Calibration methodology for combined heating and ventilation models

**Wouter Borsboom,** TNO, The Netherlands

Applying a composite indoor environmental quality indicator to Danish office spaces: The TAIL rating scheme

Asit Kumar Mishra, University College Cork, Ireland

Exploring the Effect of Post-Pandemic Behaviour of Occupants on Indoor Air Quality and Comfort Conditions in Existing Residential Buildings in Türkiye

Büşra Karadeniz Akkoç, Çankaya University, Turkey

The Impact of Simplified Window and Exhaust Fan Assumptions on Model-Based Predictions of Inter-Zonal Air Flow and Contaminant Transport in Multifamily Buildings

Nuria Casquero-Modrego, Carleton University, Canada

Cara Lozinsky, LBNL, United States of America

Evaluation of the impact of window use on the heating energy use and IEQ in dwellings based on simulations

**Arnold Janssens,** Ghent University, Belgium

Experimental study on the dehumidification performance of a window-type liquid desiccant ventilation system

Jabin Goo, University of Seoul, Republic of Korea

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## **P** DAVIN SUITE

14:45-16:15 Session 8C - Long Oral Presentation Session: Natural ventilation analysis

Chairs: Dong Hwa Kang (University of Seoul, Republic of Korea)

Maria Kolokotroni (Brunel University London, United Kinadom)

On the impact of night ventilation through motorized windows on the energy and thermal performance of office buildings

Sabrina Romano, Enea, Italy

Effects of closed vertical void on natural ventilation in double-loaded apartment building Tetsu Kubota, Hiroshima University, Japan

Evaluation of Indoor Environmental Quality and Thermal Environment in Airtight Energy-Efficient Naturally Ventilated Dwellings

Ibrahim Alhindawi, University of Galway, Ireland

On the impact of the urban modified albedo on the indoor temperature and the ventilative cooling potential in a typical Italian residential building Sabrina Romano, Enea, Italy

Experimental and simulation analysis of different natural ventilation scenarios and their relation with IAQ in office buildings

Giannis Papadopoulos, University of Western Macedonia, Greece

Performance optimization of a university building with a dynamic façade system Zhijian Wang, Eindhoven University of Technology, The Netherlands

16:15-16:45

Coffee Break

# **PHOGAN MEZZANINE SUITE**

16:45-

Closing session

18:15 C

Chairs: Arnold Janssens (Ghent University, Belgium),
James McGrath (Maynooth University, Ireland)

Perfect Mixing or Imperfect Terminology

Andrew Persily, NIST, United States of America

Summing up of the "Smart ventilation, IAQ & Health" track

Benjamin Jones, University of Nottingham, United Kingdom

Summing up of the "Airtightness" track

Valérie Leprince, Cerema, France

Summing up of the "resilient ventilative cooling" track

Hilde Breesch, KU Leuven, Belgium

Best paper/poster award & Student Competition awards

**Andrew Persily, NIST, United States of America** 

Announcement of 2025 conference

lain Walker, LBNL, United States of America

19:00-23:00

Gala Dinner at Urban Brewing (entrance only by ticket)



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